



Water Conservation Survey

Please fill out this survey to help us figure out your needs and help you save water, energy and money, and receive a free gift . Please email to public-works@ci.millbrae.ca.us, mail to Water Resources & Conservation Program, 621 Magnolia Avenue, Millbrae, fax to 650.697.8158 or drop it off at the City Hall Public Works Counter.

Contact Information	
Contact Name:	
Address:	
Email Address:	
Phone:	
Water Meter Reading: To check your bill, read only the four (4) white odometer wheels. They indicate units of water used in figuring your bill. A unit is 100 cubic feet which equals 748 gallons. (Please see separate sheet on How to Read Your Water Meter.)	
Indoor Water Use	
Toilets: Toilets older than 1993 can use anywhere from 3.5 to 7 gallons per flush (GPF). If toilets are older than 1993 replace them with high efficiency ones that use 1.28 GPF. Rebates of up to \$150 are available for qualifying toilets. Leaks are usually silent and cannot be seen or heard. If you do not wish to purchase a new toilet at this time, request a toilet tank bag to save 1,200 gallons of water a year.	
◆ How many toilets are in your house?	
◆ How many of your toilets were made before 1993?	
◆ How many toilet test tablets would you like to test for leaks?	
◆ Do you want a displacement bag?	
Kitchen Faucets: Standard aerators use 4-7 gallons per minute (GPM). The City distributes 1.5 gallons per minute (GPM) swivel aerators (new aerators from the store normally use 2.2-2.5 or more GPM). Some pull out spray models may not accept new aerators. Look on the side of your aerators to see how many GPM they use. If it isn't listed, request a flow meter bag to check it.	
◆ Can your kitchen faucet use an aerator?	
◆ If yes, how many GPM does it use?	
◆ Do you want a flow meter bag?	
Bathroom Faucets: Standard aerators use 4-7 gallons per minute (GPM). The City distributes 0.5 GPM aerators (new aerators from the store normally use 2.5 GPM). Look on the side of your aerators to see how many GPM they use. If it isn't listed, request a flow meter bag to check it.	
◆ How many aerators use more than 0.5 gallons per minute?	
◆ How many GPM do they use?	How many would you like?
Shower Heads: Standard showerheads use 5-8 GPM. The City distributes massaging ones that use 1.5 GPM and have a pause valve (new ones from the store use 2.5 GPM). Look on the bottom or side to see how many GPM they use. If it isn't listed, request a flow meter bag to check it.	
◆ How many showerheads use more than 1.5 gallons per minute?	
◆ How many GPM do they use?	How many would you like?

Outdoor Water Use:	
Irrigation:	
◆ Do you have lawn and/or landscaping?	
◆ Do you water with a hose or irrigation (drip or spray)?	
◆ If you water with a hose, do you use a shut off nozzle?	
◆ How many days do you water?	◆ How long do you water?
◆ Would you like more information about native and water-wise plants?	
Optional: Landscaping Information	
◆ How many square feet is your lawn, front yard and back yard combined?	
Please provide the area of your lawn or turf (if any) measured in square feet. To calculate the area you should measure the width and the length then multiply the two numbers together - this will be the square feet of your lawn area. Be sure to do both front yard and backyard and add them together.	
◆ How many square feet is your other landscaping?	
Please provide the area of other IRRIGATED landscape (if any) on your property (ground cover, shrubs, trees) measured in square feet. To calculate the area you should measure the width and the length then multiply the two numbers together - this will be the square feet of your landscape area. Be sure to do landscaping in both your front yard and backyard and add them together.	
Optional: Pools and Spas Information	
◆ What is the total SURFACE AREA of all swimming pools, spas/hot tubs and ponds which are filled from the City's water supply?	
To calculate the surface area of a water feature (if any) you should measure the length and width and then multiply the two numbers together. This will be the square feet of surface area of the pool (or other water feature). For the surface area of a round pool, spa, or pond, multiply the radius (the distance from the center to the edge) by itself; then multiply that sum by 3.14 (pi). NOTE: these calculations provide surface area, not gallons, so that we can determine the amount of water that will typically evaporate and need to be replaced periodically.	

Leaks	
Please use the enclosed sheet on how to find leaks.	
Outdoors: Did you find any?	If so, where?
Indoors: Did you find any?	If so, where?

Comments

